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PPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/884,207	06/19/2001	Hiroshi Oinoue	09812.0536-00000	3791
22852	7590 01/19/2006		EXAMINER	
FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER			GRAHAM, ANDREW R	
LLP 901 NEW YORK AVENUE, NW			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGTON, DC 20001-4413		2644		

DATE MAILED: 01/19/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
. Advisory Action	09/884,207	OINOUE ET AL.				
Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Andrew Graham	2644				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address				
THE REPLY FILED 21 December 2005 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.						
<ol> <li>The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods:         <ol> <li>The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date of the final rejection.</li> <li>The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection.</li></ol></li></ol>						
earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
NOTICE OF APPEAL  2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a).						
AMENDMENTS  3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will <u>not</u> be entered because						
<ul> <li>(a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below);</li> <li>(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below);</li> <li>(c) They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or</li> <li>(d) They present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims.</li> <li>NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).</li> </ul>						
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324).						
5. 🔲 Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):						
<ol> <li>Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the non-allowable claim(s).</li> </ol>						
<ul> <li>7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) will not be entered, or b) will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended.         The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:         Claim(s) allowed:         Claim(s) objected to:         Claim(s) rejected:         Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:     </li> </ul>						
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE						
8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but before or on the date of filing a Notice of Appeal will <u>not</u> be entered because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sufficient reasons why the affidavit or other evidence is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).						
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will <u>not</u> be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1).						
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached. <u>REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER</u>						
<ul> <li>11. ☑ The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: please see detailed response provided in attached page(s).</li> <li>12. ☐ Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08 of PTO-1449) Paper No(s)</li> <li>13. ☐ Other:</li> </ul>						
	PRIMARY EXAMINER	Åndrew Graham 571-272-7517				

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## Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 12/21/05 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

On page 3, lines 3-5, the applicant has stated, "Kunugi describes a sound system whereby the cutoff frequency is not selected to be not lower than 2 kHz and not higher than 6 kHz as presently claimed". This position is rephrased in various manners in lines 8-10 and 16-18 of page 3 of the applicant's response. The examiner respectfully disagrees with this position. As stated previously, a low pass filter, as is well known in the art, comprises a cutoff or corner frequency as a defining part of its frequency characteristic. "cutoff frequency Fo" in column 9, lines 3-5 is referenced in the context of the "operation of the sound field correcting system of Figure 12" (col. 9, lines 1-2). The reflected sound wave has an amplitude characteristic given by the equation in col. 9, line 10, wherein the cutoff frequency variable Fo is part of the equation. Col. 9, lines 15-18 state that the LPF 3-13 implements this transfer characteristic G and col. 10, lines 22-25 states that the frequency characteristic of the LPF is determined by the frequency characteristic of the reflected wave. Thus, even if the value of the cutoff frequency intrinsic to the low pass filter 3-13 is not independently selected by the low pass filter (but rather, is chosen in response to the characteristic of the reflected wave), the LPF yet implements a matching frequency response that includes such a cutoff frequency of Fo, which in the example given, is 2KHz. Alternately

stated, regardless of how 2KHz is derived, 2KHz is yet given as the at least exemplary frequency in the system of Kunugi. Please also consider, as context, the particular wording regarding the similar embodiment of Figure 9, noting that the HPF 2-9 also implements a level characteristic G (col. 7, lines 57-62). In this instance, Kunugi clearly teaches that the cutoff frequency of the transfer characteristic G is the cutoff frequency of the HPF filter (col. 8, lines 47-50). Contextually, this same relationship (that the cutoff frequency Fo of the transfer characteristic G is a property of the LPF 3-13, as part of the implementation of G by the LPF 3-13) is understood to be present in the configuration shown in Figure 12, and thus the teachings of Kunugi read on "a cutoff frequency of the low pass filter means is selected to be not lower than 2kHz and not higher than 6kHz". This response is highly similar to that which was presented with the previous office action in regards to the same subject matter. It is further noted that the applicant's response does not provide further details to support the applicant's position quoted above, including information such as another possible interpretation for the involvement of the cutoff frequency in the system of Figure 12 in Kunugi. As such, these responses amount to mere allegations. Without further detail or evidence, these responses cannot be given weight herein, particularly when both the context of the components in Figure 12 as well as prior embodiments of Kunugi provide implications that strongly otherwise contradict the applicant's position, as is detailed above.

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It is further noted that the 2KHz taught by Kunugi, being not less than 2kHz and not greater than 6 KHz, anticipates the range for such filtering as is presently claimed in Claim 1. Please also refer to MPEP 2131.03, noting that the 2KHz of Kunugi, with definite specificity, overlaps the range in the presently claimed invention.

On page 3, lines 6-8, the applicant has stated, "In fact, Kunugi in Figure 12 teaches a delay 3-1 that has been inserted prior to the low pass filter 3-13 and level adjusting unit 3-2 and inverter 3-3. This differs from the configuration shown in Fig. 1 of the present invention". So far as Figure 1 is represented in the language of Claim 1, it is respectfully noted that Kunugi was not relied upon for teaching this limitation. Rather, Kunugi was considered in particular view of Blanchot, which collectively were considered to at least suggest this relative disposition of elements. Please see particularly page 9 of the Final office action.

On page 3, lines 19-23 and page 4, the applicant has acknowledged the other references applied in the rejection but submits that the same issue(s) addressed above are not taught or suggested by the other applied references and that the dependent claims are believed patentable at least for the same reasons as the independent claim. In light of the above response, the issues regarding the other references have been addressed by the teachings of Kunugi and the rejections of the dependent claims have been reviewed and are respectively maintained.

As 1.13 0/0

PRIMARY EXAMINER